



NAMES of ALLAH





Taught by

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Table of Contents

Course objectives	4
Importance of learning about Allah	5
Recent muslim attitudes to the study of Aqeedah	6
How do we know about God?	7
Important Quranic terms Linguistical meaning of Rabb	9 10
Why do we worship Allah	12
Meaning of Allah	14
Names of Allah	14
Names and Attributes of knowledge	17
What is His knowledge in the Qur'an? What does He know? Al Aleem – The Omniscient Al Khabir – The Totally Aware Al Sami – The All Hearing Al Basir – The All Seeing Al Shaheed – The Universal Witness	21 26 27 28 29
The beauty of this language – Difference between Khabeer, Aleem, Shaheed Al Raqib – All Observant Al Wasi – The Vast Al Muhaymin – The Guardian Al Muhsi – The Knower of Each Thing Separately	30 31 32 33
Outcome of Knowledge	34
Names Of Perfection Al Quddus – The Holy As Salam – The Flawless An Noor – Light Al Wajid – Resourceful As Samad - The Eternal Malik al-Mulk – King of Absolute Sovereignty Al Ghani, Al Mughni – The Rich, The Enricher	35 35 36 37 38 39 40 40
Attributes of Majesty and Glory	42
Al Hamid – The Praised Al Kabir – The Great Al Mutakabir - The Proud Al Azeem - The Tremendous Az Zahir, Al Batin – The Evident, Hidden Dhu'l Jalal Wa I-Ikram – Lord Of Majesty and Generosity Al Jalil – The Majestic Al Majid - The Magnificent/ Al Majeed - The All Glorious Al Ali – The Most High Al Muta'ali – The Exalted	42 44 45 46 48 49 50 51 51



lew Version	NAMES of
Attributes Of Might	59
Al Azeez – Eminent	53
Al Qawi – The Strong / Al Mateen – The Firm	54
Al Wali – The Ruler	55
Al Qadir – All Powerful, Al Muqtadir – All Determiner	56
Al Qahhar – Dominator	57
Al Jabbar – Compeller	58
Attributes of Sublimity and Benevolence	61
Al Mo'min– The Faithful	62
Al Lateef – The Benevolent	63
Al Haleem– Indulgent	64
Al Sabur - The Patient	66
Al Raouf - The All-Pitying	67
Al Wadud - The Loving, Kind	68
Al Mujeeb - The Answerer of Prayers	71
Names of Existence	72
Al Haqq - The Truth	72
Al Hayy - The Living	73
Al Qayyum - The Self-Existing	74
Al Awwal – The First/ Al Akhir – The Last	75
Al Baqi - The Everlasting	76
Names of Absolute Will	77
Al Muqaddim – The Promoter/ Al Mu'akhkhir – The Postponer	77
Al Nafi – He Who Benefits/ Al Darr – The Punisher	78 - 3
Al Mani - The Protector	79
Al Mu'izz – The Honourer/ Al Mudhill – He Who Humbles	80
Al Rafi – The Exalter/ Al Khafidh – The Abaser	81
Al Basit – He Who Expands/ Al Qabid – He Who Contracts	82
Al Muhyi – Life-Giver/ Al Mumit – Slayor	83
Names of Oneness and Uniqueness	85
Al Ahad – Oneness / Al Wahid – The Unique	85
Attributes of Creating	86
Al Khaliq - Creator	86
Al Bari - Producer	87
Al Musawwir - Fashioner	87
Al Badi – Absolute Cause	88
Al Mubdi – Beginner/ Al Muid – Restorer	89
Attributes of Mercy and Compassion	91
Al Chaffan - Famining Al Chaffan - Famining	91
Al Ghaffar – Forgiving, Al Ghafoor – Forgiving	93
Al Tayah Eyer Releating	94 05
Al Raw The Door of Cood	95 96
Al Barr – The Doer of Good	90



97

Appendix: A list of the 99 names



Course objectives

- 1. Gain an overview of all the names mentioned in the Quran.
- 2. A journey through linguistical meaning of these names.
- 3. Look at how the Quran utilized the usage of these names.
- 4. Explain the verses where the names were used.
- 5. Learn how to call on Allah using some of the most dua used by the Prophet sallalahu 'alayhi wa sallam.





Importance of learning about Allah

- 1. To worship Him properly
- 2. To enhance our relationship with Him
- 3. Worship void of emotion is empty
- 4. Increase our Iman
- 5. Enhances our character
- Correct erroneous concepts about Him that have increased disbelief in Him
- 7. Bring life into our prayers
- 8. Bring power and certainty into our dua
- 9. Increase our love to our creator
- 10. It's the main topic of the Quran
- 11. Develop an appreciation to the Quran's respect of sound intellect
- 12. Learn the beautiful Quranic approach to this subject





Recent Muslim Attitudes to the study of Ageedah

*	Aquedah has been reduced to a theological circular argument
*	That argument revolves around lexicons mostly
*	The arguments are of very little practical consequences
.	The arguments are mostly historical in content and in figures
*	The aim of these arguments are mainly tools to categorize people that create division
*	Has very little relationship with science
*	Has created an alien dichotomy between religious and secular
*	Has weakened people's ability to resist
*	As a result this science became very stagnant





How do we know about God?

- 1. Consider His creation
- 2. Read His revelation

His creation

﴿ الْمَرْ ۚ تِلْكَ ءَايَنتُ ٱلْكِتَنبِ ۗ وَٱلَّذِى أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِكَ ٱلْحَقُّ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْتَرُ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞ ﴾ ﴿ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى رَفَعَ ٱلسَّمَوَٰتِ بِغَيْرِ عَمَدٍ تَرَوْنَهَا ۖ ثُمَّ ٱسْتَوَيٰ عَلَى ٱلْعَرْشِ وَسَخَّرَ ٱلشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ ۚ كُلُّ جُرِى لِأَجَلِ مُسَمَّى يُدَبِّرُ ٱلْأَمْرَ يُفَصِّلُ ٱلْآيَنتِ لَعَلَّكُم بِلِقَآءِ رَبِّكُمْ تُوقِنُونَ وَالْقَمَرَ كُلُّ جُرِى لِأَجَلِ مُسَمَّى يُدَبِّرُ ٱلْأَمْرَ يُفَصِّلُ ٱلْآيَنتِ لَعَلَّكُم بِلِقَآءِ رَبِّكُمْ تُوقِنُونَ ﴾

Alif-Laam-Meem-Ra. Allâh is He Who raised the heavens without any pillars that you can see. Then, He rose above (Istawâ) the Throne (really in a manner that suits His Majesty). He has subjected the sun and the moon (to continue going round), each running (its course) for a term appointed. He regulates all affairs; explaining the Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) in detail, that you may believe with certainty in the meeting with your Lord.

And it is He Who spread out the earth, and placed therein firm mountains and rivers and of every kind of fruits He made Zawjain Ithnaîn (two in pairs - may mean two kinds or it may mean: of two sorts, e.g. black and white, sweet and sour, small and big). He brings the night as a cover over the day. Verily, in these things, there are Ayât (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.) for people who reflect.

And in the earth are neighboring tracts, and gardens of vines, and green crops (fields), and date-palms, growing out two or three from a single stem root, or otherwise (one stem root for every palm), watered with the same water; yet some of them We make more excellent than others to eat. Verily, in these things there are Ayât (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs) for the people who understand.

(Ar- Ra'ad: 1-4)

His revelation

﴿ قُلۡ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِ ٱلنَّاسِ ۞ ﴾ Say: "I seek refuge with (Allâh) the Lord of mankind,

> ﴿ مَلِكِ ٱلنَّاسِ ۞ ﴾ – The King of mankind"





﴿ مِن شَرِّ ٱلْوَسُوَاسِ ٱلْخَنَّاسِ ۞ ﴾
"From the evil of the whisperer (devil who whispers evil in the hearts of men) who withdraws (from his whispering in one's heart after one remembers Allâh).

(Surah Al Naas: 114)

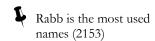


Important Quranic Terms

Rabb, Ilaah,

Rabb & Allah

- How Allah introduced Himself
- Summary of the entire Quran



To Moses

"Verily! I am Allâh! Lâ ilâha illa Ana (none has the right to be worshipped but I), so worship Me, and perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât) for My Remembrance.

(20:12-14)





1- To brings up, rear, fosters or nourishes, or is responsible for one of	And, out of kindness, lower to them the wing of humility, and say: "My Lord! bestow on them thy Mercy even as they cherished me in childhood. (gave me tarbiya) (Fir'aun) said: "Did we not cherish thee as a child (gave you Tarbiya) among us, and didst thou not stay in our midst many years of thy life?
2- Guardian, patron; one who supervises or is responsible for carrying out improvements;	"Verily! They are enemies to me, save the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinn and all that exists), الله وَالَّذِى خَلَقَنِى فَهُوَ يَهَدِينِ الله "Who has created me, and it is He Who guides me. "And it is He Who feeds me and gives me to drink. "And when I am ill, it is He who cures me. (26:77-80)
3- One who occupies a central or focal position, who himself gathers people round himself of his own or round whom people gather out themselves;	الله أَمْتُ الْكُمْ مَا فَرَطْنَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا طَتِيرٍ يَطِيرُ بِجَنَاحِيهِ إِلَّا أَمْتُ الْكُمْ أَمْتَالُكُمْ مَا فَرَطْنَا فِي الْكِتَابِ مِن شَيْءٍ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ الله أَمْتُالُكُم مَا فَرَطْنَا فِي الْكِتَابِ مِن شَيْءٍ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
4- Leader, head, chief, or lord; one obeyed, and supremacy	﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلۡمَٰكُ ٱنۡتُونِي بِهِۦ ۖ فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُ ٱلرَّسُولُ قَالَ ٱرْجِعْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَسْعَلُهُ مَا بَالُ ٱلنِّسْوَةِ ٱلَّتِي قَطَّعْنَ أَيْرَيُّنَ إِنَّ رَبِّي بِكَيْدِهِنَ عَلِيمٌ ﴿





acknowledged, authority to dispose of men or things;	And when (Pharaoh's) messenger came to Yousuf, he said: Go back to your rabb (lord, Pharaoh), and ask him what transpired in the case of the women who cut their hands; verily (He who is) my Rabb (God) is fully aware of their wives. (12:50)
5- Owner, Master	﴿ ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ۞ ﴾
	All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinn and all that exists).
	(1:1)

Summary

- One who brings up, rear, fosters or nourishes, or is responsible for doing all or one or more than one of these;
- Guardian, patron; one who supervises or is responsible for carrying out improvements;
- ❖ One who occupies a central or focal position, who himself gathers people round himself of his own or round whom people gather out themselves;
- Leader, head, chief, or lord; one whose word is obeyed, and whose supremacy or over lordship acknowledged, and who has authority to dispose of men or things;
- Owner; master.





Why do we Worship Allah?

- ❖ Saying, `Ask forgiveness from your Lord; for He is Oft-Forgiving;
- "He will send rain to you in abundance;
- ❖ "'Give you increase in wealth and sons; and bestow on you gardens and bestow on you rivers (of flowing water).
- ❖ "`What is the matter with you, that ye place not your hope for kindness and long-suffering in Allah,
- * "Seeing that it is He that has created you in diverse stages?
- ❖ "`See ye not how Allah has created the seven heavens one above another,
- "`And made the moon a light in their midst, and made the sun as a (Glorious) Lamp?

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Why these reminders?

Humanity has a tendency to lose sight of Allah's role as creator and when this happens our relationship with the deity and the world is damaged.

What is He Rabb of?	ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ۞﴾
Rabb of:	All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinn and all
	that exists).
	(1:1)
He has no time limit	﴿ إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ ٓ أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ﴿ ﴾
limit	When he said to his people: "Will you not fear Allâh?
	﴿ أَتَدْعُونَ بَعْلًا وَتَذَرُونَ أَحْسَنَ ٱلْخَلِقِينَ ﴿
	"Will you call upon Ba'l (a well known idol of his nation whom they used to worship) and forsake the Best of creators,
	﴿ ٱللَّهَ رَبَّكُمْ وَرَبَّ ءَابَآبِكُمُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ٢
	"Allâh, your Lord and the Lord of your forefathers?"
	[37:126]
He has no	﴿ وَٱذْكُرِ ٱسْمَ رَبِّكَ وَتَبَتَّلْ إِلَيْهِ تَبْتِيلًا ﴿ ﴾
space limit	And remember the Name of your Lord and devote yourself to Him with a complete devotion.
	﴿ رَّبُّ ٱلْمَشْرِقِ وَٱلْمَغْرِبِ لَآ إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ فَٱتَّخِذْهُ وَكِيلًا ﴾





	(He Alone is) the Lord of the east and the west, Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He). So take Him Alone as Wakîl (Disposer of your affairs). ﴿ وَٱصۡبِرۡ عَلَىٰ مَا يَقُولُونَ وَٱهۡجُرۡهُمۡ هَجُراً جَمِيلاً
	And be patient (O Muhammad (peace be upon him)) with what they say, and keep away from them in a good way.
	[73:8]
He is the Absolute Rabb	﴿ فَلِلَّهِ ٱلْحُمَٰدُ رَبِ ٱلسَّمَـٰوَاتِ وَرَبِ ٱلْأَرْضِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ ﷺ ﴾
	So all the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the Lord of the heavens and the Lord of the earth, and the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinn and all that exists).
	﴿ وَلَهُ ٱلۡكِبۡرِيَآءُ فِي ٱلسَّمَـٰوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ ۗ وَهُوَ ٱلۡعَزِيزُ الۡخَرِيزُ الۡخَرِيرُ الۡعَرِيرُ الۡخَرِيرُ الۡعَرِيرُ الۡخَرِيرُ الۡعَرِيرُ اللَّهُ الۡعَرِيرُ اللَّهُ الْعَرِيرُ اللَّهُ الْعَرِيرُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُوا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ لِللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُومُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَى عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُومُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَى عَلَيْكُولِي عَلَيْكُمْ
	And His (Alone) is the Majesty in the heavens and the earth, and He is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.
	[45:36]





الله Meaning of Allah

Only Allah is worthy of it

Yet they have taken besides Him other âlihâ (gods) who created nothing but are themselves created, and possess neither hurt nor benefit for themselves, and possess no power (of causing) death, nor (of giving) life, nor of raising the dead.

(Al Furqan:3)

Names of Allah

THESE are the names comprised in the account of Abu Huraira (may God be pleased with him) when he said:

"The Messenger of God (May God's blessing and peace be upon Him) said:

'God, great and glorious, has ninety-nine names, one hundred minus one; single, He loves odd numbers, and whoever enumerates them will enter Paradise.

He is

- 1. Allah and there is no other god but He هو الله الذي لا إله إلا هو
- 2. al-Rahrnan (The Infinitely Good) الرحمن
- 3. al-Raḥīm (The Merciful) الرحيم
- 4. al-Malik (The King) الملك
- 5. al-Quddus (The Holy) القدوس
- 6. al-Salām (The Flawless) السلام
- 7. al-Mu'min (The Faithful) المؤمن
- 8. al-Muhaymin (The Guardian) المهيمن
- 9. al-Azīz (The Eminent) العزيز
- الجبار (The Compeller) الجبار
- 11. al-Mutakabbir (The Proud) المتكبر
- 12. al-Khāliq (The Creator) الخالق
- 13. Al-Bāri' (The Producer) البارئ
- المصور (The Fashioner) المصور
- 15. al-Ghaffar (He who is full of forgiveness) الغفار
- 16. al-Qahhār (The Dominator) القهار
- 17. al-Wahhāb (The Bestower) الوهاب
- 18. al-Razzāq (The Provider) الرزاق
- 19. al-Fattāḥ (The Opener) الفتاح
- 20. al-`Alīm (The Omniscient) العليم
- 21. al-Qābid (He who contracts) القابض
- 22. al-Bāsit (He who expands) الباسط



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- 23. al-Khāfid (The Abaser) الخافض
- 24. al-Rāfi` (The Exalter) الرافع
- 25. Al Mu`izz(The Honourer) المعز
- 26. al-Mudhill (He who humbles) المذل
- 27. al-Samī`(The All-Hearing) السميع
- 28. al-Basir (The All-Seeing) البصير
- 29. al-Hakam (The Arbitrator) الحكم
- 30. al-`Adl (The Just) العدل
- 31. al-Latīf (The Benevolent) اللطيف
- 32. al-Khabīr (The Totally Aware) الخبير
- 33. al-Ḥalīm (The Mild) الحليم
- 34. al-`Azīm (The Tremendous) العظيم
- 35. al-Ghafūr (The All-Forgiving) الغفور
- 36. al-Shakūr (The Grateful) الشكور
- 37. al-`Alī (The Most High) العلى
- 38. al-Kabīr (The Great) الكبير
- 39. al-Ḥafīẓ (The All-Preserver) الحفيظ
- 40. al-Muqīt (The Nourisher) المقيت
- 41. al-Hasīb (The Reckoner) الحسيب
- 42. al-Jalīl (The Majestic) الجليل
- 43. al-Karīm (The Generous) الكريم
- 44. al-Raqib (The All-Observant) الرقيب
- 45. al-Mujīb (The Answerer of prayers) المجيب
- 46. al-Wāsi` (The Vast) الواسع
- 47. al-Hakīm (The Wise) الحكيم
- 48. al-Wadūd (The Lovingkind) الودود
- 49. al-Majīd (The All-Glorious) المجيد
- الباعث (The Raiser of the dead) الباعث
- 51. al-Shahīd (The Universal Witness) الشهيد
- 52. al-Ḥaqq (The Truth) الحق
- 53. al-Wakīl (The Guardian) الوكيل
- القوي (The Strong) القوي
- 55. al-Matīn (The Firm) المتين
- الولى (The Patron) الولى
- 57. al-Ḥamīd (The Praised) الحميد
- المحصى (The Knower of each separate thing) المحصى
- 59. al-Mubdi' (The Beginner, The Cause) المبدئ
- المعيد (The Restorer) المعيد
- 61. al-Muḥyī (The Life-Giver) المحيي
- 62. al-Mumīt (The Slayer) المميت
- 63. al-Hayy (The Living) الحي
- القيوم (The Self-Existing) القيوم
- 65. al-Wājid (The Resourceful) الواجد
- 66. al-Mājid (The Magnificent) الماجد





- 67. al-Wāḥid (The Unique) الواحد
- 68. al-Ṣamad (The Eternal) الصمد
- 69. al-Qādir (The All-Powerful) القادر
- 70. al-Muqtadir (The All-Determiner) المقتدر
- 71. al-Muqaddim (The Promoter) المقدم
- 72. al-Mu'akhkhir (The Postponer) المؤخر
- 73. al-Awwal (The First) الأول
- 74. al-Ākhir (The Last) الأخر
- 75. al-Zāhir (The Manifest) الظاهر
- 76. al-Bāṭin (The Hidden) الباطن
- 77. al-Wālī (The Ruler) الوالي
- 78. al-Muta'ālī (The Exalted) المتعالى
- 79. al-Barr (The Doer of Good) البر
- 80. At-Tawwāb (The Ever-relenting) التواب
- 81. al-Muntagim (The Avenger) المنتقم
- 82. al-`Afū (The Effacer of sins) العفو
- 83. al-Ra'ūf (The All-Pitying) الرؤوف
- 84. Mālik al-Mulk (The King of Absolute Sovereignty) مالك الملك
- 85. Dhū'l-Jalāl wa'l-lkrām (The Lord of Majesty and Generosity) ذو الجلال والإكرام
- 86. al-Muqsit (The Equitable) المقسط
- 87. al-Jāmi' (The Uniter) الجامع
- 88. al-Ghanī (The Rich) الغني
- 89. al-Mughnī (The Enncher) المغنى
- 90. al-Māni` (The Protector) المانع
- 91. al-Parr (The Punisher) الضار
- 92. AI-Nāfi` (He who benefits) النافع
- 93. al-Nūr (Light) النور
- 94. al-Hādī (The Guide) الهادي
- 95. al-Badī` (The Absolute Cause) البديع
- 96. al-Bāqī (The Everlasting) الباقي
- 97. aI-Wārith (The Inheritor) الوارث
- 98. al-Rashīd (The Right in Guidance) الرشيد
- 99. Al-Sabur (The Patient)." الصبور

(الراوي: أبو هريرة - خلاصة الدرجة: غريب - المحدث: الترمذي - المصدر: سنن الترمذي - الصفحة أو الرقم: 3507)



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Names and Attributes of Knowledge

Quranic vocabulary dealing with knowledge

بر هان	Burhan	proof
بیان	Bayan	to make clear
بصيرة	Basira	evidence perception
حديث	Hadith	tiding, discourse
حذر	Hadhara	to warn
حاسب	Hasaba	to reckon, count
حافظ	Hafiz	watcher recorder
أحق	Ahaqqa	prove true, verify
محيط	Muhit	comprehending
خبير	Khabir	Knowing, informed, aware
درس	darasa	to study
ذکر	dhakara	to remember
دری	dara	know, teach
ر أ <i>ى</i>	Ra'a	see, show
شعر	sha'ara	sense, to be aware
عرف	arafa	know, recognize
عقل	aqala	understand, intelligent
علم	alima	learn, to know
فقه	Faqiha	understand
تفكر	tafakara	reflect
فهم	fahhama	to cause to understand
أنار	anara	to illuminate
هد <i>ی</i> موعظة	hada	to guide
موعظة	maw'iza	exhort, admonition
يقين	yaqin	certainty

A Example of the word mubin مبين

- There are 119 uses of it in the Quran
- To make things clear, it makes itself evidence or clear, shows itself clearly, or makes itself understood
- The Quran is Mubin
- is Mubin صلى الله عليه وسلم Mohammed
- Messengers were all Mubin

Conclusion

- The Quran contains an extraordinarily varied vocabulary associated with "Ilm".
- This field consists of all those words to do with perception, knowledge, understanding, clarity and truth.





Names of Knowledge - //m

Al Aleem – العليم	The All Knowing (158)
Al Khabeer – الخبير	The Totally Aware (45)
Al Raqheeb - الرقيب	The All-Observant (3)
- Al Wasee'	The Vast (9)
Al Shaheed - الشهيد	The Universal Witness (19)
Al Muhaymn - المهيمن	The Guardian (1)
Al Muhsi - المحصي	The Knower of each separate thing
- Al Samee'	The All-Hearing (45)
- Al Baseer	The All-Seeing (42)

The Qur'aan's description of Allah Almighty's knowledge

All the praises and thanks are to Allâh, to Whom belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. His is all the praises and thanks in the Hereafter, and He is the All-Wise, the All-Aware.

He knows that which goes into the earth and that which comes forth from it, and that which descend from the heaven and that which ascends to it. And He is the Most Merciful, the Oft-Forgiving. (34: 2)





Allah's knowledge encompasses Secret councel...

﴿ أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَّتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَا يَكُونِ مَا يَكُونُ مَا يَكُونُ مَا يَكُونُ وَلَا خَمْسَةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ رَابِعُهُمْ وَلَا خَمْسَةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ رَابِعُهُمْ وَلَا خَمْسَةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ مَعُهُمْ أَيْنَ مَا كَانُواْ يُومَ يُنْتِئُهُم وَلَا أَحْدَا اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ۞﴾ تُمْ يُنْتِئُهُم بِمَا عَمِلُواْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَنِمَةِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ۞﴾

Have you not seen that Allâh knows whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is on the earth? There is no Najwa (secret counsel) of three but He is their fourth (with His Knowledge, while He Himself is over the Throne, over the seventh heaven), nor of five but He is their sixth (with His Knowledge), not of less than that or more, but He is with them (with His Knowledge) wheresoever they may be. And afterwards on the Day of Resurrection, He will inform them of what they did. Verily, Allâh is the All-Knower of everything. (58:7)

And the Unseen!

ي ﴿ يَسْفَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلسَّاعَةِ أَيَّانِ مُرْسَلَهَا ۖ قُلِّ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِندَ رَبِّ لَا شُكِلِيهَا لَوَقُهَا إِلَّا هُوَ تَقُلَتْ فِي ٱلسَّمَوْتِ وَٱلْإِرْضِ لَا تَقُلَتْ فِي ٱلسَّمَوْتِ وَٱلْإِرْضِ لَا تَقُلَّ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِندَ اللَّهِ وَلَيْكُنَ أَكْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِندَ اللَّهِ وَلَيْكِنَ أَكْ أَكْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِندَ اللَّهِ وَلَيْكِنَ أَكْنَاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ ﴾

They ask you about the Hour (Day of Resurrection): "When will be its appointed time?" Say: "The knowledge thereof is with my Lord (Alone). None can reveal its time but He. Heavy is its burden through the heavens and the earth. It shall not come upon you except all of a sudden." They ask you as if you have a good knowledge of it. Say: "The knowledge thereof is with Allâh (Alone) but most of mankind know not."

(7:187)

قُل لَّا أَمْلِكُ لِنَفْسِي نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا إِلَّا مَا شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ ۚ وَلَوْ كُنتُ أَعْلَمُ ٱلْغَيْبَ لَآسَتَكُثَرَتُ مِنَ ٱلْخَيْرِ وَمَا مَسَّنِي ٱلسُّوٓءُ إِنَّ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَمَا مَسَّنِي ٱلسُّوٓءُ إِنَّ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لِقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ ﴾ نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لِقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ ﴾

Say (O Muhammad (peace be upon him)) "I possess no power of benefit or hurt to myself except as Allâh wills. If I had the knowledge of the Ghaib (Unseen), I should have secured for myself an abundance of wealth, and no evil should have touched me. I am but a warner, and a bringer of glad tidings unto people who believe." (7: 188)

And the finer details of Everything...

﴿ ﴿ وَعِنِدَهُۥ مَفَاتِحُ ٱلْغَيْبِ لَا يَعْلَمُهَاۤ إِلَّا هُوَۚ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلۡبَرِّ وَٱلۡبَحۡرِ ۚ وَمَا تَسۡقُطُ مِن وَرَقَةٍ إِلَّا يَعۡلَمُهَا وَلَا حَبَّةٍ فِى ظُلُمَٰتِ ٱلۡأَرۡضِ وَلَا رَطۡبِ وَلَا يَابِسٍ إِلَّا فِي كِتَنبٍ مُّبِينِ ۚ ﴿ ﴾

And with Him are the keys of the Ghaib (all that is hidden), none knows them but He. And He knows whatever there is in the land and in the sea; not a leaf





falls, but he knows it. There is not a grain in the darkness of the earth nor anything fresh or dry, but is written in a Clear Record. (6:59)

And with Him are the keys of the Ghaib (all that is hidden), none knows them but He. And He knows whatever there is in the land and in the sea; not a leaf falls, but he knows it. There is not a grain in the darkness of the earth nor anything fresh or dry, but is written in a Clear Record. (6:60)

It is the same (to Him) whether any of you conceal his speech or declares it openly, whether he be hid by night or goes forth freely by day. (13:10)

﴿ أُولَا يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّونَ وَمَا يُعْلِنُونَ ﴿ لَكُ اللَّهُ اللَّلَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

And That which is harboured in the heart!

﴿ وَلا جُنَاحَ عَلَيكُمْ فِيمَا عَرَّضْتُم بِهِ مِنْ خِطْبَةِ النِّسَاءِ اَوْ أَكْنَتُمْ بِهِ مِنْ خِطْبَةِ النِّسَاءِ اَوْ أَكْنَتُمْ سَتَذَكُرُونَهُنَّ وَلَاكِن لَا أَنَّ اللَّهُ أَنْكُمْ سَتَذَكُرُونَهُنَّ وَلَاكِن لَا تُوَاعِدُوهُنَّ وَلا تَعْزِمُواْ عُقَدَةَ النِّكَاحِ حَتَىٰ يَبْلُغَ ٱلْكَتَنِبُ أَجَلَهُ، وَاعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِيَ أَنْفُسِكُمْ فَا صَدْرُوهُ وَآغَلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَفُورٌ حَلِيمُ ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ مَا فِيَ أَنْفُسِكُمْ فَا صَدْرُوهُ وَآغَلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَفُورٌ حَلِيمُ ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ مَا فِي

And there is no sin on you if you make a hint of betrothal or conceal it in yourself, Allâh knows that you will remember them, but do not make a promise of contract with them in secret except that you speak an honorable saying according to the Islâmic law. And do not consummate the marriage until the term prescribed is fulfilled. And know that Allâh knows what is in your minds, so fear Him. And know that Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Forbearing. (2:235)

And What we truly love!

﴿ لَنَ تَنَالُواْ الْبِرَّ حَتَّىٰ تَنْفِقُواْ مِمَّا تَحِبُّونَ ۖ وَمَا تَنْفِقُواْ مِنَ شَيْءِ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِهِۦ عَلِيمُرُ ۞ ﴾

By no means shall you attain Al-Birr (piety, righteousness - here it means Allâh's Reward, i.e. Paradise), unless you spend (in Allâh's Cause) of that which you love; and whatever of good you spend, Allâh knows it well. (3:92)





Al Aleem - The Omniscient [العليم]

Derived from Root Verb	Definition	
علم	To know, have knowledge, be cognizant, be aware, be informed, be familiar, be acquainted, to perceive, discern, find out, learn, come to know, notify, advise, study, gather information	

The Coupling of Al Aleem in the Qur'an

./ A11 TT	20 45	
✓ All Hearing	32 times	السميع
✓ The Wise	36 times	الحكيم
✓ The Vast	7 times	الواسع
✓ The Eminent	7 times	العزيز
✓ The Grateful	2 time	الشاكر
✓ The Opener	1 time	الفتاح
✓ The Indulgent	3 times	الحليم
✓ The All powerful	4 times	القدير
✓ The Creator	2 times	الخلاق
✓ Totally Aware	4 times	الخبير

Coupling is:

- When 2 names or attributes of Allah are mentioned in the same verse.
- It's done to emphasize perfection
- Prevent possible thoughts of deficiency
- Establish qualification
- To make a point (for those who pay attention)

Then it appeared to them after they had seen the signs that al-'Azeez should surely imprison him for a time. (12:35)

Examples:

Al Hakeem, The Wise [36 times]	إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْاَحِرَةِ زَيَّنَا لَهُمَ أَعْمَالَهُمْ فَهُمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ﴿ ﴾ Verily, those who believe not in the Hereafter, We have made their deeds fair-seeming to them, so they wander about blindly (27:4)
	They ﴿ أُوْلَتَبِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَهُمْ سُوٓءُ ٱلْعَذَابِ وَهُمْ فِي ٱلْاَخِرَةِ هُمُ ٱلْأَخْسَرُونَ ﴿ كَا اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّالّا





	﴿ وَإِنَّكَ لَتُلَقِّي ٱلْقُرْءَانَ مِن لَّدُنْ حَكِيمٍ عَلِيمٍ ﴾
	And verily, you (O Muhammad (peace be upon him)) are being taught the Qur'ân from the One, All-Wise, All-Knowing. (27:6)
Al Samee', All Hearing	﴿ وَإِذْ يَرْفَعُ إِبْرَاهِ مِمُ ٱلْقَوَاعِدَ مِنَ ٱلْبَيْتِ وَإِسْمَعِيلُ رَبَّنَا تَقَبَّلُ مِنَّا ۖ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ السَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ﴿ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيمُ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيمُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ الل
	And (remember) when Ibrâhim (Abraham) and (his son) Ismâ'il (Ishmael) were raising the foundations of the House (the Ka'bah at Makkah), (saying), "Our Lord! Accept (this service) from us. Verily! You are the All-Hearer, the All-Knower." (2:127)
The Vast, Al	﴿ وَلِلَّهِ ٱلۡكَشِّرِقُ وَٱلۡمُغْرِبُ ۚ فَأَيْنَمَا تُوَلُّواْ فَتَمَّ وَجْهُ ٱللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ وَاسِعُ عَلِيمٌ ﴿ ﴾
Wasee' [7 times]	And to Allâh belong the east and the west, so wherever you turn (yourselves or your faces) there is the Face of Allâh (and He is High above, over His Throne). Surely! Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knowing. (2:115)
The Grateful [2 times]	﴿ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلصَّفَا وَٱلْمَرْوَةَ مِن شَعَآبِرِ ٱللَّهِ ۖ فَمَنْ حَجَّ ٱلْبَيْتَ أَوِ ٱعْتَمَرَ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِ أَن يَطَّوّفَ بِهِمَا ۖ وَمَن تَطَوّعَ خَيْرًا فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ شَاكِرٌ عَلِيمٌ Verily! As-Safâ عَلَيْهِ أَن يَطَّوّفَ بِهِمَا ۖ وَمَن تَطَوّعَ خَيْرًا فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ شَاكِرٌ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهَ
	and Al-Marwah (two mountains in Makkah) are of the Symbols of Allâh. So it is not a sin on him who performs Hajj or 'Umrah (pilgrimage) of the House (the Ka'bah at Makkah) to perform the going (Tawâf) between them (As-Safâ and Al-Marwah). And whoever does good voluntarily, then verily, Allâh is All-Recogniser, All-Knower. (2:158)
The Indulgent [3	﴿ ﴿ وَمَن يُهَاجِرْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ بَجِدْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مُرَاغَمًا كَثِيرًا وَسَعَةً ۚ وَمَن تَخَرُجْ مِن بَيْتِهِ عِ مُهَاجِرًا إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ عَثُمَّ يُدُرِكُهُ ٱلْمُوْتُ فَقَدْ وَقَعَ أُجْرُهُ، عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ۗ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ ﴾
times]	He who emigrates (from his home) in the Cause of Allâh, will find on earth many dwelling places and plenty to live by. And whosoever leaves his home as an emigrant unto Allâh and His Messenger, and death overtakes him, his reward is then surely incumbent upon Allâh. And Allâh is Ever Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful. (4:100)
All Powerful [4 times]	أُولَمْ بَسِيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَيَنظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ وَكَانُوٓاْ أَشَدَّ مِنْ مَنْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ وَكَانُوٓاْ أَشَدُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ فِي ٱلسَّمَوْتِ وَلَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ إِنَّهُ مَا كَانَ عَلِيمًا قَدِيرًا ﴾ كَانَ عَلِيمًا قَدِيرًا ﴿
	Have they not traveled in the land, and seen what was the end of those before them - though they were superior to them in power? Allâh is not such that anything in the heavens or in the earth escapes Him. Verily, He is All-Knowing, All-Omnipotent. (Fatir: 44)
	يَتَأَيُّهُا ٱلنَّاسُ إِنَّا خَلَقْنَكُم مِّن ذَكَرٍ وَأُنتَيْ وَجَعَلْنَكُمْ شُعُوبًا وَقَبَآبِلَ لِتَعَارَفُوٓا ۚ إِنَّ اللهُ عَلِيمُ خَبِيرٌ ﴿





The Totally	O mankind! We have created you from a male and a female, and
Aware [4	made you into nations and tribes, that you may know one another.
times]	Verily, the most honorable of you with Allâh is that (believer) who
	has At-Taqwâ (i.e. he is one of the Muttaqûn (the pious.). Verily,
	Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Aware. (Al-Hujurat: 13)





The Creator [2 times]	وَضَرَبَ لَنَا مَثَلًا وَنَسِيَ خَلْقَهُ ۗ قَالَ مَن يُحْيِ ٱلْعِظَامَ وَهِيَ رَمِيمٌ
	And he makes comparisons for Us, and forgets his own (origin and) Creation: he says, "Who can give life to (dry) bones and decomposed ones (at that?)" (36:78)
	قُلْ يُحْيِيهَا ٱلَّذِيٓ أَنشَأَهَآ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ ۗ وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ خَلْقٍ عَلِيمُ ﴿
	Say: (O Muhammad (peace be upon him)) "He will give life to them Who created them for the first time! And He is the All-Knower of every creation!" (Ya-Sin: 79)
	ٱلَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلشَّجَرِ ٱلْأَخْضَرِ نَارًا فَإِذَآ أَنتُم مِّنْهُ تُوقِدُونَ
	He, Who produces for you fire out of the green tree, when behold you kindle therewith. (Ya-Sin: 80)
	أُولَيْسَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ بِقَدِرٍ عَلَىٰ أَن يَحَلُقَ مِثْلَهُم ۚ بَلَىٰ وَهُوَ ٱلْخَلَقُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ﴿
	Is not He Who created the heavens and the earth, Able to create the like of them? Yes, indeed! He is the All-Knowing Supreme Creator. (Ya-Sin: 81)
The Opener [1 time]	قَ قُلْ مَن يَرْزُقُكُم مِّرَ لَكَمَّوْتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ ۖ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ ۗ وَإِنَّا أَوْ إِيَّاكُمْ لَعَلَىٰ هُدًى أَوْ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّ
	Say (O Muhammad (peace be upon him) to polytheists, pagans)"Who gives you provision from the heavens and the earth?" Say: "Allâh. And verily, (either) we or you are rightly guided or in a plain error." (34:24)
	قُل لَّا تُسْعَلُونَ عَمَّا أَجْرَمْنَا وَلَا نُسْعَلُ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿
	Say (O Muhammad (peace be upon him) to polytheists, pagans) "You will not be asked about our sins, nor shall we be asked of what you do." (34:25)
	قُلْ يَجْمَعُ بَيْنَنَا رَبُّنَا ثُمَّ يَفْتَحُ بَيْنَنَا بِٱلْحَقِّ وَهُو ٱلْفَتَّاحُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ١
	Say: "Our Lord will assemble us all together (on the Day of Resurrection), then He will judge between us with truth. And He is the Just Judge, the All-Knower of the true state of affairs." (34:26)





Al Aleem when not coupled

Secrets of the hearts. [11 times]	خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَاوَٰتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَصَوَّرَكُمْ فَأَحْسَنَ صُورَكُمْ وَإِلَيْهِ اللَّمْصِيرُ وَالْأَرْضَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَصَوَّرَكُمْ فَأَحْسَنَ صُورَكُمْ وَإِلَيْهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَصِيرُ اللَّهُ الله He has created the heavens and the earth with truth, and He shaped you and made good your shapes, and to Him is the final Return. (At-Tagabun: 3)
	يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَـٰوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تُسِرُّونَ وَمَا تُعْلِنُونَ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمُ مِا تُسِرُّونَ وَمَا تُعْلِنُونَ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمُ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ ﴿
	He knows what is in the heavens and on earth, and He knows what you conceal and what you reveal. And Allâh is the All-Knower of what is in the breasts (of men).
	(At-Tagabun: 4)
All Things [20 times]	لَهُ مَقَالِيدُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ ۚ يَبۡسُطُ ٱلرِّزْقَ لِمَن يَشَآءُ وَيَقَدِرُ النَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمُ ۗ
	To Him belong the keys of the heavens and the earth. He enlarges provision for whom He wills, and straitens (it for whom He wills). Verily He is the All-Knower of everything. (Ash-Shura: 12)

Al Aleem defined by Al Ghazali

- The Omniscient: its meaning is evident. Its perfection lies in comprehending everything by knowledge manifest and hidden, small and large, first and last, inception and outcome and with respect to the multitude of objects known, this will be infinite.
- Then the knowledge itself will be the most perfect possible, with respect to its clarity and its disclosure, in such a way that no more evident disclosure or vision can be conceived.
- Finally it is not derived from things known; rather things known are derived from it





[الخبير] – Al Khabir

Derived from Root Verb	Definition
خبر	To try, test, experience, know well, notify, apprise, inform, tell, to inform one another, to explore, news, intelligence, report, notification, experienced, familiar, well-acquainted, specialist, intrinsic significance.

Intention	الَّذِينَ يَنقُضُونَ عَهْدَ اللَّهِ مِنْ يَعْدِ مِيثَقِهِ وَيَقَطَعُونَ مَا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهِ َ أَن يُعْدِ مِيثَقِهِ وَيَقَطَعُونَ مَا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهِ َ أَن يُوصَلَ وَيُفْسِدُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ أُولَتِهِكَ هُمُ الْخَسِرُونَ وَيُ الْأَرْضِ أُولَتِهِكَ هُمُ الْخَسِرُونَ الله بير الله المحمد Those who break Allah's Covenant after ratifying it, and sever what Allâh has ordered to be joined (as regards Allâh's religion of Islamic Monotheism, and to practice its laws on the earth and also as regards keeping good relations with kith and kin), and do mischief on earth, it is they who are the losers. (Al-Baqarah: 27)
Motives	يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا إِذَا ضَرَبۡتُمۡ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللّهِ فَتَبَيّنُواْ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ لِمَنَ أَلْقَيَ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَتَبَيّنُوۤاْ مَعۡانِمُ كَثِيرَةٌ كَذَٰ لِكَ كُنتُم مِن قَبْلُ فَمَنَ ٱللّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَتَبَيّنُوۤاْ اللّهُ كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ﴿
	O you who believe! When you go (to fight) in the Cause of Allâh, verify (the truth), and say not to anyone who greets you (by embracing Islâm): "You are not a believer"; seeking the perishable goods of the worldly life. There are much more profits and booties with Allâh. Even as he is now, so were you yourselves before till Allâh conferred on you His Favors (i.e. guided you to Islâm), therefore, be cautious in discrimination. Allâh is Ever Well-Aware of what you do. (Nisaa: 94)
Where are you looking?	قُل لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ يَغُضُّواْ مِنَ أَبْصَرِهِمْ وَكَفَظُواْ فُرُوجَهُمْ ۚ ذَٰ لِكَ أَزْكَىٰ لَهُمْ ۗ إِنَّ اللهَ خَبِيرُ بِمَا يَصْنَعُونَ ﴾ أَنْكَىٰ لَهُمْ ۗ إِنَّ اللهَ خَبِيرُ بِمَا يَصْنَعُونَ ﴾
	Tell the believing men to lower their gaze (from looking at forbidden things), and protect their private parts (from illegal sexual acts). That is purer for them. Verily, Allâh is All-Aware of what they do. (An-Nur: 30)

